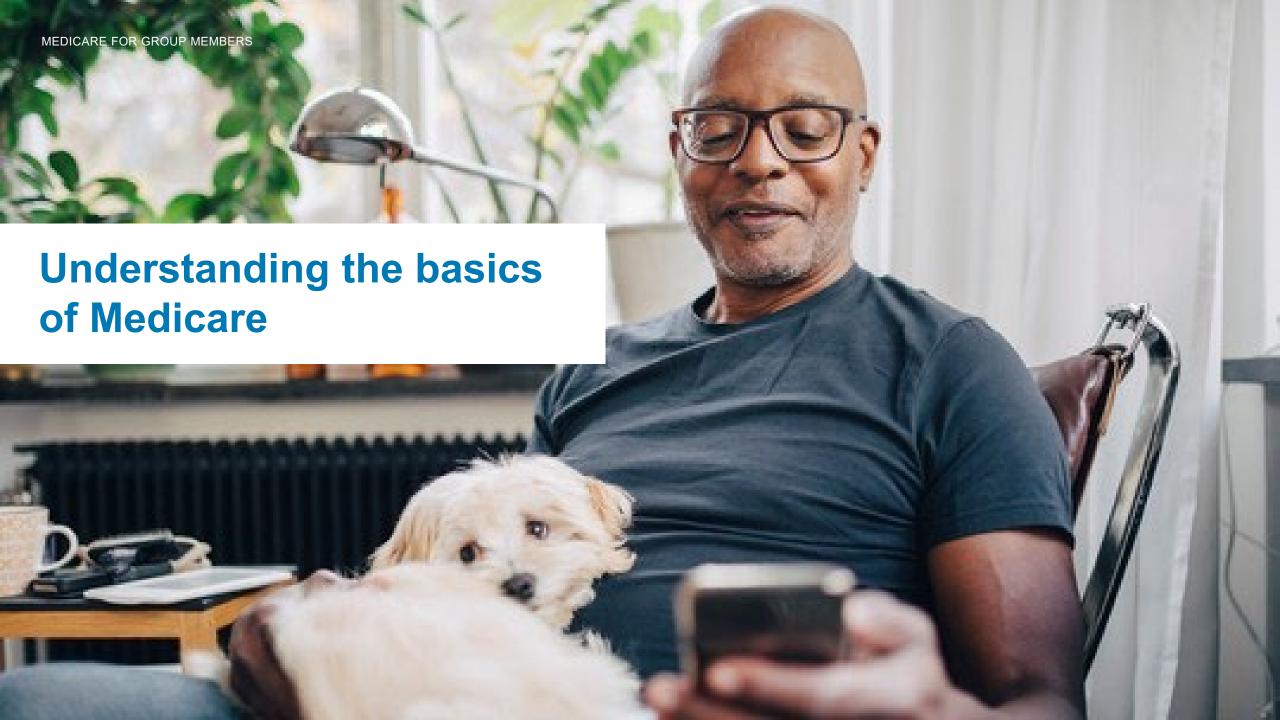


Welcome to Kaiser Permanente

Introduction to Medicare and the Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plans

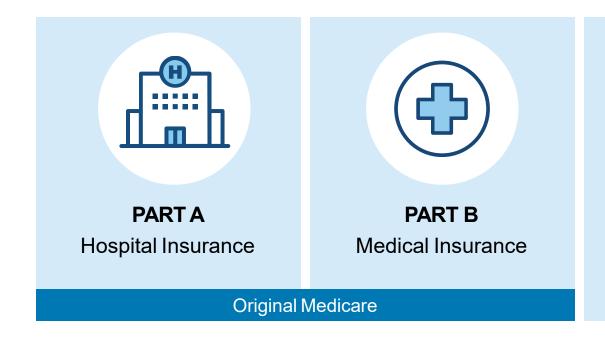
Michelle Stoll | Group Retiree Consultant

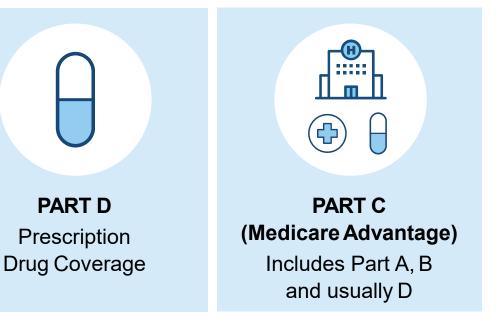




What is Medicare?

- Medicare is a federally funded health insurance program.
- Medicare was established in 1965.
- Medicare is administered by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).
- Medicare includes 4 parts:







Who can join Medicare?

You're eligible to join Medicare if:



You're 65 or older



You have end-stage renal (kidney) disease (ESRD)



You're under 65, but live with a disability



You have amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)

- Must be eligible for Social Security disability
- Requires a 2-year waiting period

















Part A: Hospital Insurance

What it does:

- Gives you coverage for inpatient hospital care
- Also covers skilled nursing care, hospice care, and home health care

What it costs:

- Most won't have to pay a premium for Part A. To make sure you qualify for premium-free Part A, contact Social Security.
- If you worked less than 10 years, there is a monthly premium up to \$458*, your monthly premium is set by a Medicare formula.



^{*} Amount is for 2020









Part B: Medical Insurance

What it does:

- Helps cover doctors' and other health care providers' services, like lab and radiology
- Outpatient care, durable medical equipment, dialysis, and some preventive care services are also covered

What it costs:

- Your monthly premium is usually deducted from your Social Security or retirement check.
- Late enrollment penalty (LEP):
 - Your premium increases 10% for each 12-month period that you decline coverage.
 - Not a one-time penalty, but continues throughout enrollment.
 - Not imposed if you continue to work for and get your health coverage from an employer or trust fund of 20 or more.
 (You have up to 8 months after your employment ends to enroll.)











Part B: Medical Insurance

Based on your 2020 yearly income, your 2022 Part B monthly cost is:

File individual tax return	File joint tax return	In 2022, you each pay
\$91,000 or less	\$182,000 or less	\$170.10*
\$91,001 to \$114,000	\$182,001 to \$228,000	\$238.10
\$114,001 to \$142,000	\$228,001 to \$284,000	\$340.20
\$142,001 to \$170,000	\$284,001 to \$340,000	\$442.30
\$170,001 to \$500,000	\$340,001 to \$750,000	\$544.30
above \$500,001	above \$750,001	\$578.30

^{*}You'll pay this standard amount if you: 1) enroll in Part B for the first time in 2022 2) don't get Social Security benefits; 3) are directly billed for your Part B premiums. Contact Social Security about your Part B premium.

Note: The above dollar amounts may change yearly.











Medicare Coverage Options

Here are some ways you can get Medicare coverage:

- You get an Original Medicare Plan through the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).
 - You can supplement Original Medicare by enrolling in a MediGap Plan.
 Premiums for these plans are not covered.
 (Note: Kaiser Permanente does not offer MediGap plans.)
- You can sign up for a Medicare Advantage Plan, known as Medicare Part C, through private insurance companies.
- In some parts of the country, you can sign up for Medicare Cost Plans, which are also offered through private insurance companies.











Part C: Medicare Advantage

What it does:

- Combines your benefits from Parts A, B, and sometimes D (prescription drug coverage) in a single plan and are an alternative to Original Medicare*
- Services under a network of providers that you must use for care

What it costs:

- Medicare pays an amount for your coverage each month to private health plans.
- Some plans have additional monthly premiums; in many plans, you pay a copay for covered services.
- If you choose an out-of-network provider, you'll be financially responsible, except in the case of an emergency or urgent care.

^{*}Except care for some clinical research and hospice care (Original Medicare covers hospice care even if you're in a Medicare Advantage Plan).











Part C: Medicare Advantage

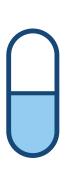
Types of Medicare Advantage plans:

- Health maintenance organization (HMO) plans
- Point-of-service (HMO-POS) plans
- Preferred provider organization (PPO) plans
- Private fee-for-service (PFFS) plans
- Medical savings account (MSA) plans











Part D: Prescription Drug Coverage

What it does:

Covers outpatient prescription drugs

To enroll:

You have 3 options for enrolling in Part D:

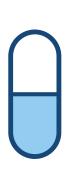
- 1. A Medicare Advantage plan that includes Part D prescription drug coverage
- 2. A stand-alone Prescription Drug Plan that offers prescription drug coverage only
- 3. Coverage through an employer or union

Unlike with Parts A and B, you **sign up for Part D directly** with your plan. Part D is not directly offered by Medicare or Social Security.











Part D: Prescription Drug Coverage

Medicare Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)

The Part D higher-income premium is in addition to the annual Part B premium adjustment and is determined according to formulas set by federal law.

Based on your 2020 yearly income, your 2022 Part D monthly cost is:

File individual tax return	File joint tax return	In 2022, you each pay*
\$91,000 or less	\$182,000 or less	No additional cost
\$91,001 to \$114,000	\$182,001 to \$228,000	\$12.40
\$114,001 to \$142,000	\$228,001 to \$284,000	\$32.10
\$142,001 to \$170,000	\$284,001 to \$340,000	\$51.70
\$170,001 to \$500,000	\$340,001 to \$750,000	\$71.30
above \$500,001	above \$750,001	\$77.90

^{*}These amounts may change yearly based on adjustments made by, and paid by you, to the federal government.



Medicare's Extra Help Program: Low-Income Subsidy

- For Medicare beneficiaries with limited income and resources
- Provides extra help with Part D premiums and outpatient drug copays
 - Degree of help depends on income and resources
- Additional facts about extra help:
 - Apply at Social Security or state Medicaid office
 - Administered by your plan, for CMS
 - You must be enrolled in a Part D plan to get help



Pre-Enrollment Considerations

Considerations when evaluating Medicare plans



Where will you live

• Residence vs. travel coverage



Coverage will look different on Medicare

- Copays, coinsurance, deductibles
- Network
- Drug formulary
- Pre-existing conditions



Some plans require referrals for specialists



Level of risk certainty

Monthly premiums vs. cost shares



Have you considered all coverage options

















Part A & B: Enrolling in Medicare When First Eligible

Initial Enrollment Period

- If you're already getting benefits from Social Security, you'll be automatically enrolled in both Part A and Part B starting the first day of the month you turn 65.
- If you do not get benefits from Social Security, you'll need to contact Social Security.
- You can enroll over a 7-month period, which starts 3 months before your 65th birthday, known as the **Initial Enrollment Period**.
- You may be able to enroll online at socialsecurity.gov.



Note: Completing the application form and submitting it doesn't automatically enroll you in Medicare Part B. Social Security must first determine if you're eligible.











Part A & B: Late Enrollment Into Medicare

General Enrollment Period

- If you do not sign up for Part A and Part B when you're first eligible, you can sign up between January 1 and March 31 each year, for a **July 1 effective date**.
- Period may be held by employers when you can disenroll from your current plan and switch to a Medicare Advantage plan.



Special Enrollment Period

• Triggered by certain events, such as loss of employment or retirement, that allow you to enroll in Medicare or change plans.

Note: Completing the application form and submitting it doesn't automatically enroll you in Medicare Part B. Social Security must first determine if you're eligible.



2022 Medicare Star Ratings

Our Medicare health plan is rated 5 out of 5 stars in Colorado for 2022.

Kaiser Permanente region	Star rating*
California	****
Colorado	****
Georgia	****
Hawaii	****
Mid-Atlantic States (MD, VA, D.C.)	****
Northwest (OR, SW Washington)	****
Kaiser Permanente Washington	****

^{*}Every year, CMS evaluates plans based on a 5-star rating system.





Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plan

- Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plan is a Medicare Advantage plan for people with Medicare.
- Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plan provides services covered by Medicare (including Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage).
- As a Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plan member, you get your Medicare benefits through Kaiser Permanente.
- The Medicare program pays Kaiser
 Permanente to manage health care for people with Medicare (our Kaiser
 Permanente Medicare health plan members).



University of Denver – Retiree Eligibility

Appointed faculty and staff who have satisfied the following criteria are eligible to officially receive retiree status from the University of Denver and are eligible for benefits:

- Have left employment voluntarily
- Reached the age of 55 years
- Been employed in a benefited position for 20 years
- Retirees must be enrolled on active DU coverage, in order to qualify for the Sr. Advantage Plan

In addition, to qualify for a Medicare Advantage/Part C plan:

- Members must be continuously enrolled in Medicare Part A & B
- Members must live in the plan's Medicare service area



DU – Medicare covered benefits

Summary of Benefits (1/1/22 – 12/31/22)

Services	Kaiser Permanente	
Monthly Premium	\$219.57*	
Annual Out-of-Pocket Maximum	\$2,500 /calendar year	
Deductible	None	
Office Visits (primary/specialty)	\$15 / \$25 copay	
Outpatient Surgery	\$100 per procedure	
Specialty Scans (MRI/PET)	\$100 per procedure	
Hospitalization Services	\$300/admit	
Emergency Services	\$65 copay (waived if admitted)	
Ambulance Services	20% up to \$195	
Urgent Care	\$25 copay	
Prescription Drugs (30-day retail) 2x retail for 90-day mail order	\$5/\$10/\$25/\$40/\$50 No Coverage Gap	

^{*}Premium does not include \$60 DU Subsidy.



DU – Additional benefits

Summary of Benefits (1/1/22 – 12/31/22)

Services	Kaiser Permanente
Hearing Aids	\$500 allowance every 3 years
Optical Hardware (Lenses/contacts/frames)	\$200 allowance
Health & wellness education	Included at no cost
Fitness	SilverSneakers
Telehealth	\$0



Experience Better Health with included Fitness Programs

Members enrolled in Kaiser Permanente Senior Advantage have access to the **SilverSneakers**®

Gym membership

Home fitness program

- Live classes and workshops
- On-demand workout videos
- Mobile app with digital workout programs
- Thousands of locations



Contact Information

If you have questions about the DU Medicare health plans or want to enroll, contact RMR Benefits at Cobra@rmrbenefits.com

Kaiser Permanente Member Services: 1-800-443-0815 (TTY 711) 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Social Security: 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778)

Monday through Friday, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Medicare: 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY 1-877-486-2048 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Kaiser Permanente CO Group Retiree Consultant:

Michelle Stoll, michelle.stoll@kp.org, 720-425-5255





Questions?

In California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington, Colorado, Georgia and the District of Columbia, Kaiser Permanente is an HMO plan with a Medicare contract. In Maryland and Virginia, Kaiser Permanente is an HMO plan and a Cost plan with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in Kaiser Permanente depends on contract renewal. You must reside in the Kaiser Permanente Medicare health plan service area in which you enroll.